





Community Profile Report January 19 2023

The Community Profile Report (CPR) is generated by the Data Strategy and Execution Workgroup, under the White House COVID-19 Team. It is managed by an interagency team with representatives from multiple agencies and offices (including the United States Department of Health and Human Services, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response, and the Indian Health Service). The CPR provides easily interpretable information on key indicators for all regions, states, core-based statistical areas (CBSAs), and counties across the United States. It is a daily snapshot in time that:

- Focuses on recent COVID-19 outcomes in the last seven days and changes relative to the week prior
- Provides additional contextual information at the county, CBSA, state and regional levels
- Supports rapid visual interpretation of results with color thresholds

Data in this report may differ from data on state and local websites. This may be due to differences in how data were reported (e.g., date specimen obtained, or date reported for cases) or how the metrics are calculated. Historical data may be updated over time due to delayed reporting. Data presented here use standard metrics across all geographic levels in the United States. It facilitates the understanding of COVID-19 pandemic trends across the United States by using standardized data. The footnotes describe each data source and the methods used for calculating the metrics. For additional data for any particular locality, visit the relevant health department website. Additional data and features are forthcoming.

White House COVID-19 Team, Data Strategy and Execution Workgroup

All inquiries and requests for information to DSEW should be directed to https://wwwn.cdc.gov/dcs/ContactUs/Form.



COMMUNITY PROFILE REPORT

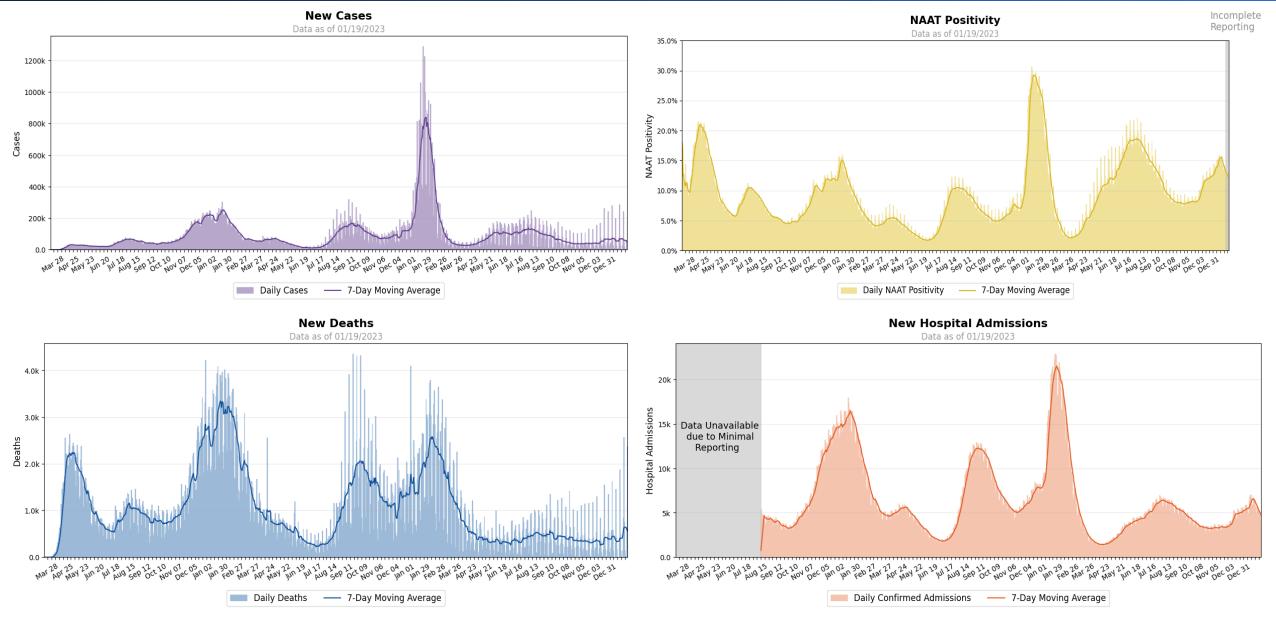
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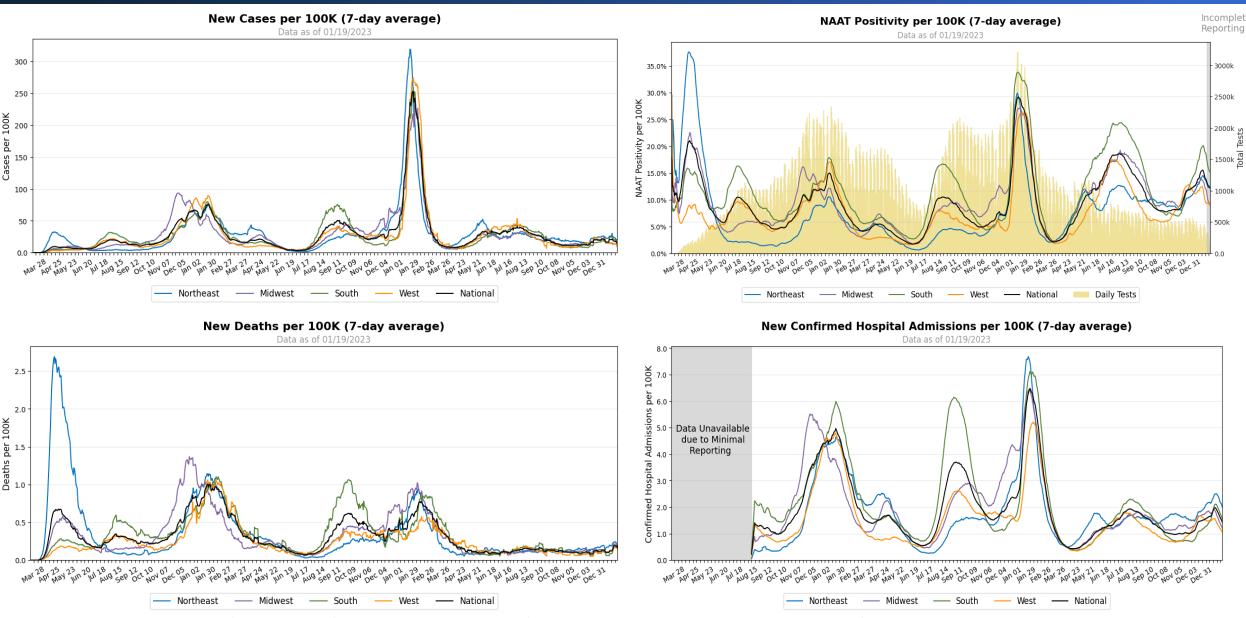
NATIONAL TIME SERIES



Source: CDC Aggregate County Dataset (cases and deaths). State values are the aggregate of constituent counties; these data are updated weekly. Unified Testing Dataset, Unified Hospital Dataset.



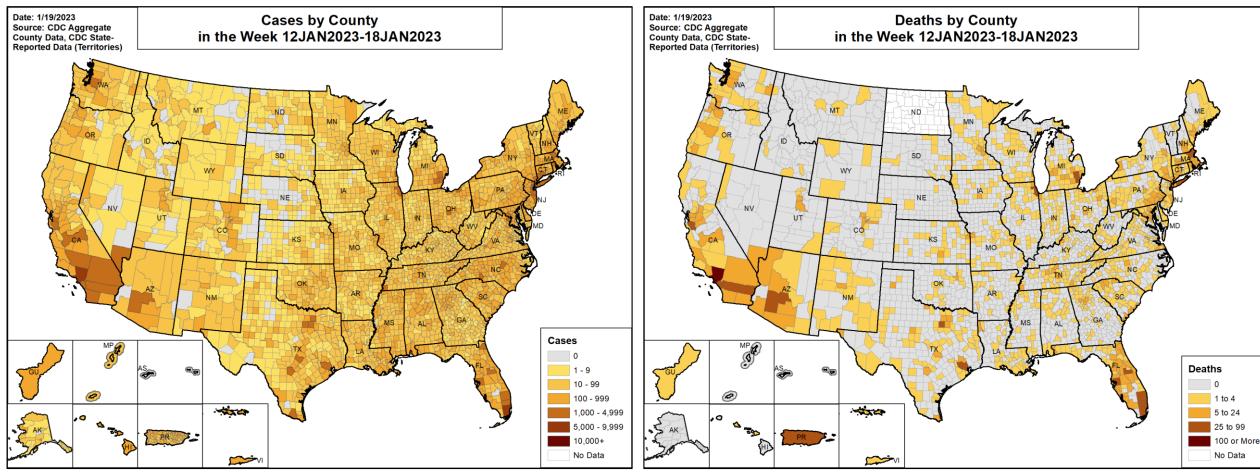
TIME SERIES BY CENSUS REGION



Source: CDC Aggregate County Dataset (cases and deaths). State values are the aggregate of constituent counties; these data are updated weekly. Unified Testing Dataset, Unified Hospital Dataset. See https://www.census.gov/geographies/reference-maps/2010/geo/2010-census-regions-and-divisions-of-the-united-states.html for census regions.

NUMBER OF NEW CASES AND DEATHS IN THE LAST 7 DAYS

Total Cumulative Cases: 101,873,730 New Cases in Last 7 Days: 332,212 Percent Change from Previous 7 Days: -23.9% Total Cumulative Deaths: 1,099,866 New Deaths in Last 7 Days: 3,953 Percent Change from Previous 7 Days: -6.1%

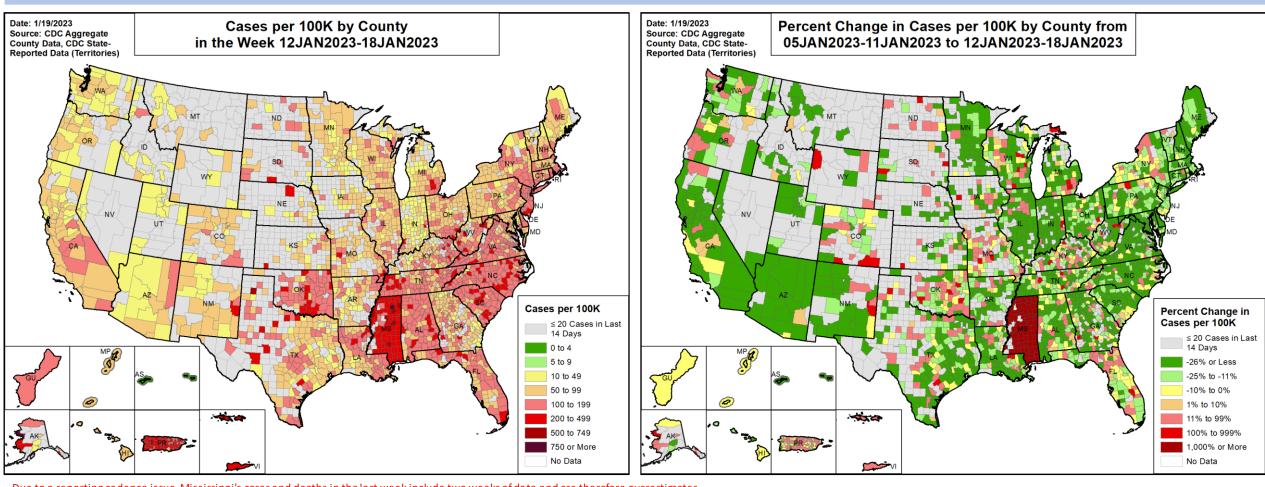


As of 4/7/2022, ND is no longer reporting county-level deaths; therefore, county-level death counts from this date forward are no longer available. Due to a reporting cadence issue, Mississippi's cases and deaths in the last week include two weeks of data and are therefore overestimates.

CASE INCIDENCE IN LAST 7 DAYS AND COMPARISON TO THE PREVIOUS 7 DAYS

Incidence Rate in the Last 7 Days: 100.1 per 100,000

Percent Change from Previous 7 Days: -23.9%

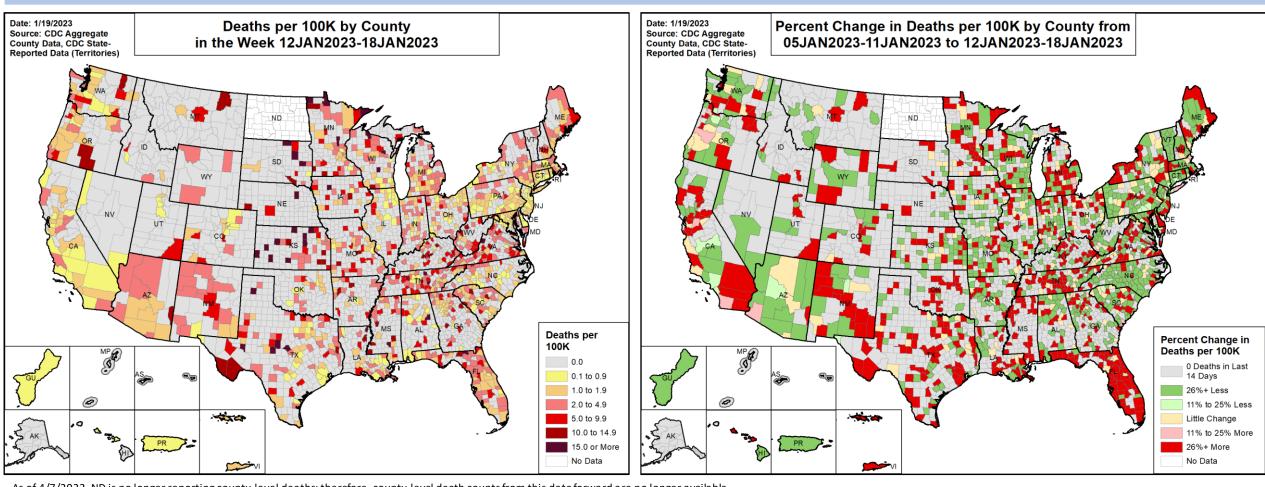


Due to a reporting cadence issue, Mississippi's cases and deaths in the last week include two weeks of data and are therefore overestimates.

MORTALITY RATE IN THE LAST 7 DAYS AND COMPARISON TO THE PREVIOUS 7 DAYS

Mortality Rate in the Last 7 Days: 1.2 deaths per 100,000

Percent Change from Previous 7 Days: -6.1%

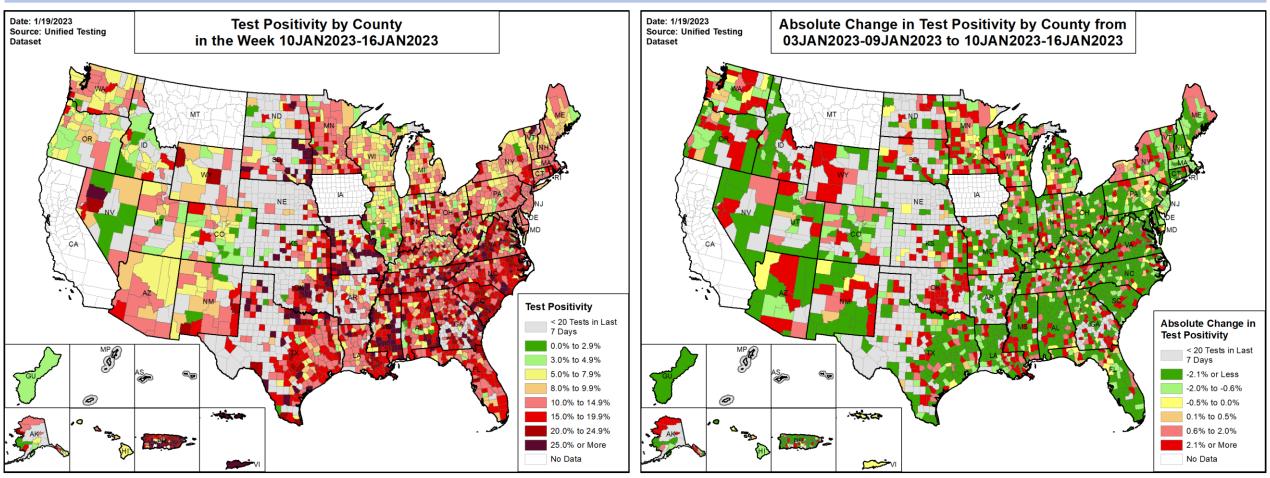


As of 4/7/2022, ND is no longer reporting county-level deaths; therefore, county-level death counts from this date forward are no longer available. Due to a reporting cadence issue, Mississippi's cases and deaths in the last week include two weeks of data and are therefore overestimates.

NAAT POSITIVITY IN THE LAST 7 DAYS AND COMPARISON TO PREVIOUS 7 DAYS

NAAT Positivity in Last 7 Days: 12.3%

Absolute Change from Previous 7 Days: -1.3%



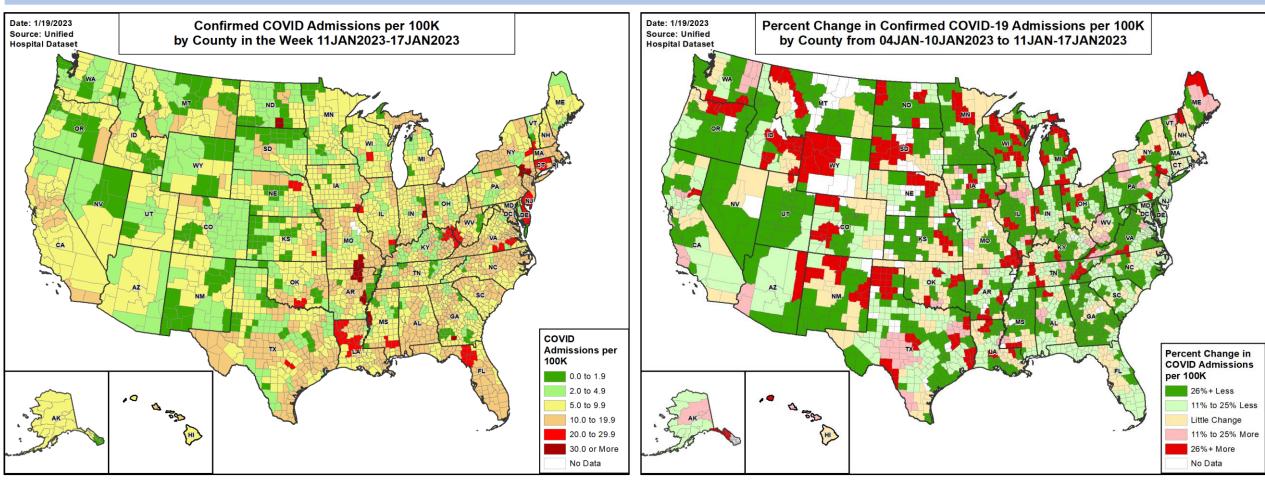
As of 2/17/2022, IA is no longer reporting negative test results; therefore, test volume and test positivity from this date forward is no longer presented.

CA and MT testing data have at least 4 days with no or minimal reporting in the last week (by the data cutoff time for this report), which may result in missing values and inaccurate test positivity.

HOSPITAL ADMISSIONS IN THE LAST 7 DAYS AND COMPARISON TO THE PREVIOUS 7 DAYS

Total Confirmed COVID-19 Hospital Admissions in Last 7 Days: 33,793

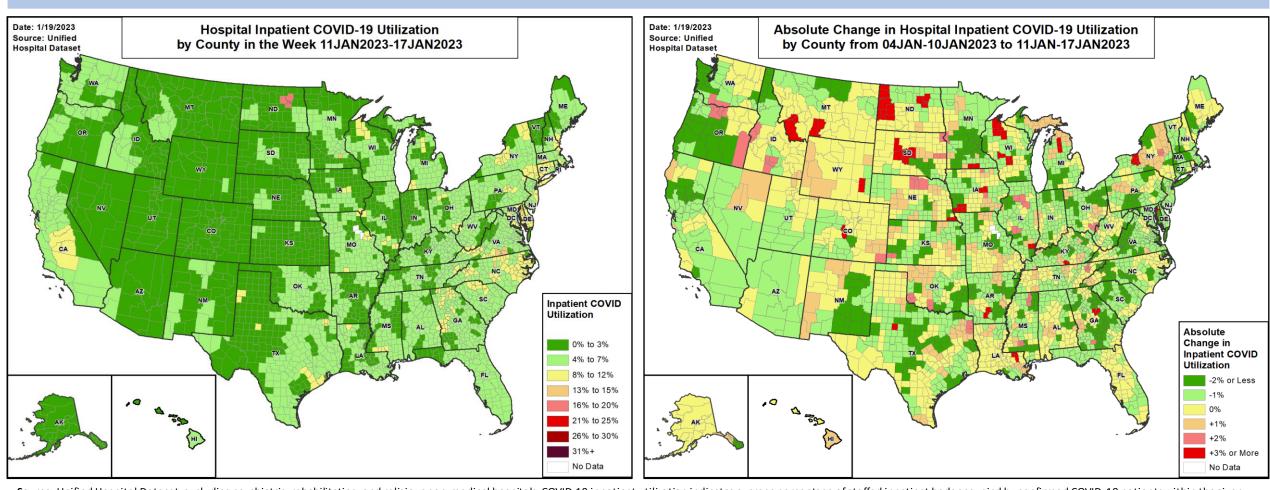
Percent Change from Previous 7 Days: -17.5%



Source: Unified Hospital Dataset, excluding psychiatric, rehabilitation, and religious non-medical hospitals. Confirmed COVID-19 admissions are all confirmed daily admissions reported within the last 7 days. County data is mapped from Health Service Areas, defined as a single county or cluster of counties that are generally self contained with respect to hospital care.

Average Daily COVID-19 Hospital Inpatients over Last 7 Days: 34,832

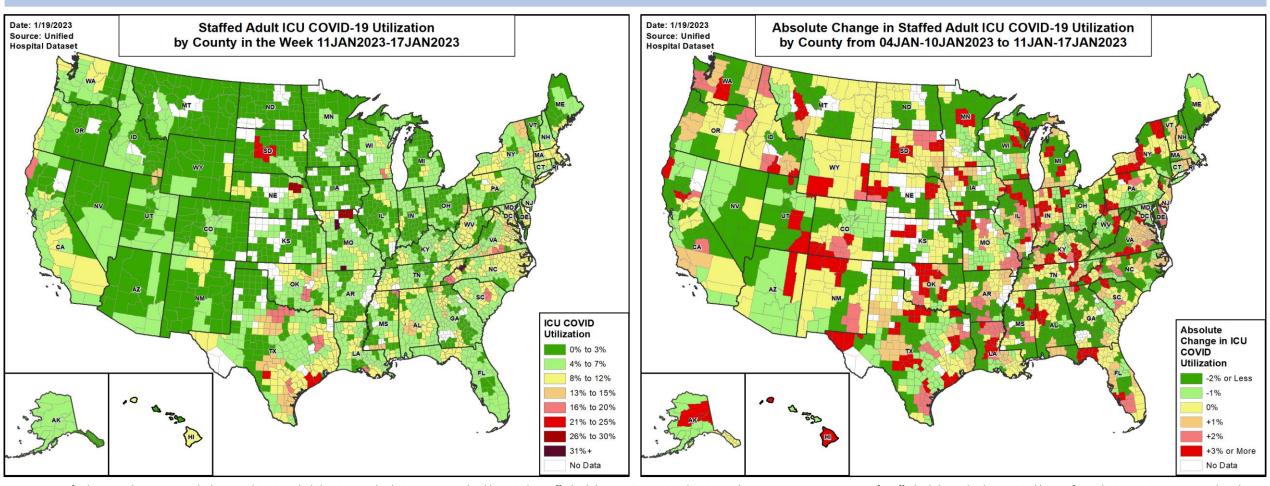
Percent Change from Previous 7 Days: -13.8%



Source: Unified Hospital Dataset, excluding psychiatric, rehabilitation, and religious non-medical hospitals. COVID-19 inpatient utilization indicates average percentage of staffed inpatient beds occupied by confirmed COVID-19 patients within the given time period. County data is mapped from Health Service Areas, defined as a single county or cluster of counties that are gene rally self contained with respect to hospital care. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

Average Daily Adult ICU COVID-19 Patients over Last 7 Days: 4,565

Percent Change from Previous 7 Days: -9.0%



Source: Unified Hospital Dataset, excluding psychiatric, rehabilitation, and religious non-medical hospitals. Staffed adult ICU COVID-19 utilization indicates average percentage of staffed adult ICU beds occupied by confirmed COVID-19 patients within the given time period. County data is mapped from Health Service Areas, defined as a single county or cluster of counties that are generally self contained with respect to hospital care. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

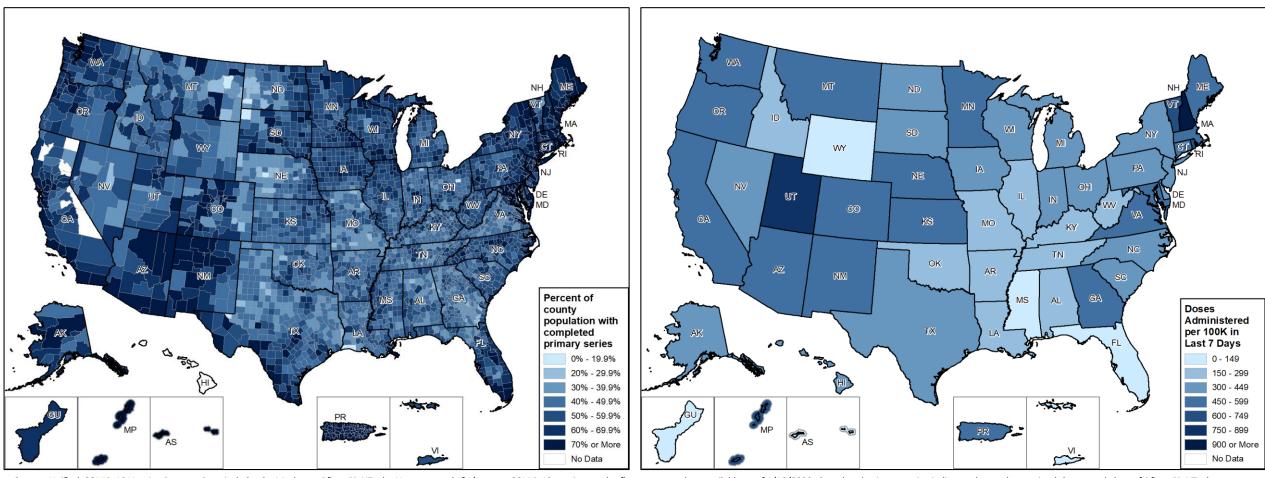
VACCINATION RATES BY COUNTY AND DOSES ADMINISTERED

Percent of Population with a Completed Primary Series:

69.1%

Percent of Population with at Least 1 Dose: 81.0%

Doses Administered Per 100,000 in the Last Week: 393

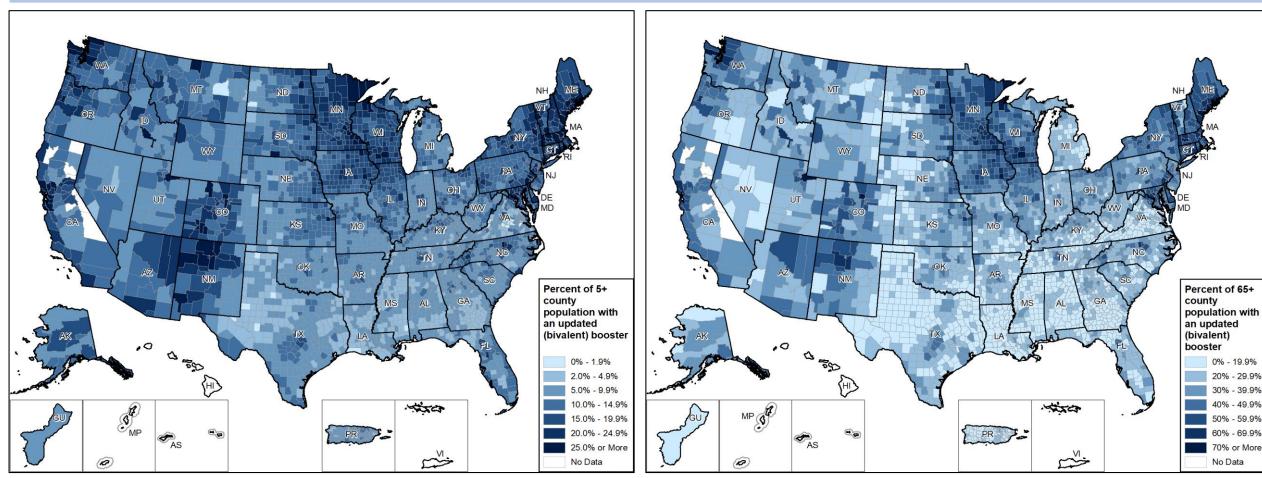


Source: Unified COVID-19 Vaccine Dataset. Data include the Moderna, Pfizer-BioNTech, Novavax, and J&J/Janssen COVID 19 vaccines and reflects current data available as of 1/18/2023. Completed primary series indicates those who received the second dose of Pfizer-BioNTech, Novavax, and J&J/Janssen COVID 19 vaccines and reflects current data available as of 1/18/2023. Completed primary series indicates those who received the second dose of Pfizer-BioNTech, Novavax, and J&J/Janssen COVID 19 vaccines and reflects current data available as of 1/18/2023. Completed primary series indicates those who received the second dose of Pfizer-BioNTech, Novavax, and J&J/Janssen COVID 19 vaccines and reflects current data available as of 1/18/2023. Completed primary series indicates those who received the second dose of Pfizer-BioNTech, Novavax, and J&J/Janssen COVID 19 vaccines and reflects current data available as of 1/18/2023. Completed primary series indicates those who received the second dose of Pfizer-BioNTech, Novavax, and J&J/Janssen COVID 19 vaccines and reflects current data available as of 1/18/2023. Completed primary series indicates those who received the second dose of Pfizer-BioNTech, Novavax, and J&J/Janssen COVID 19 vaccines and reflects current data available as of 1/18/2023. Completed primary series indicates the second dose of 1/18/2023. Moderna, or Novavax vaccines and those who received one dose of J&J/Janssen COVID-19 vaccine. COVID-19 vaccines, including updated (bivalent) booster doses, are available to people 6 months of age and older. Values reflect total by report date, not administered date. The following states have ≤80% completeness reporting vaccinations by county, which may result in underestimates of vaccination data for counties and CBSAs: VA (78%), GU (76%), VT (73%), HI (0%)

VACCINATION BOOSTER RATES BY COUNTY

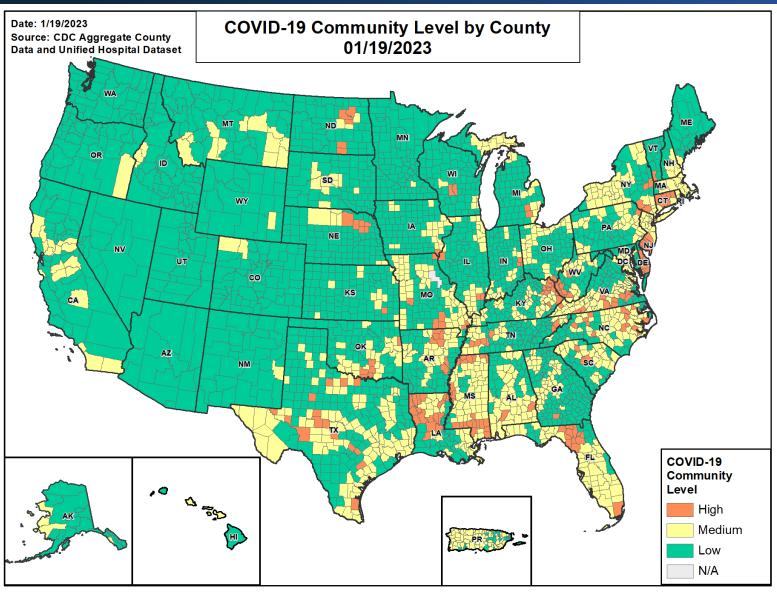
Percent of Population with an Updated (Bivalent) Booster: 15.3%

Percent of 65+ Years Old Population with an Updated (Bivalent) Booster: 39.6%

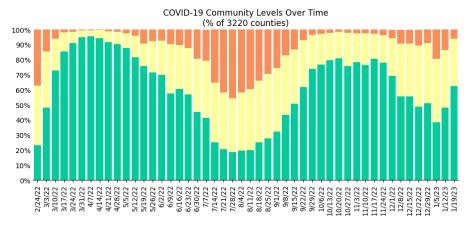


Source: Unified COVID-19 Vaccine Dataset. Data include the Moderna, Pfizer-BioNTech, Novavax, and J&J/Janssen COVID-19 vaccines and reflects current data available as of 1/18/2023. COVID-19 vaccines, including updated (bivalent) booster doses, are available to people 6 months of age and older. Values reflect total by report date, not administered date. The following states have ≤80% completeness reporting vaccinations by county, which may result in underestimates of vaccination data for counties and CBSAs: VA (78%), GU (76%), VT (73%), HI (0%).

COVID-19 COMMUNITY LEVEL



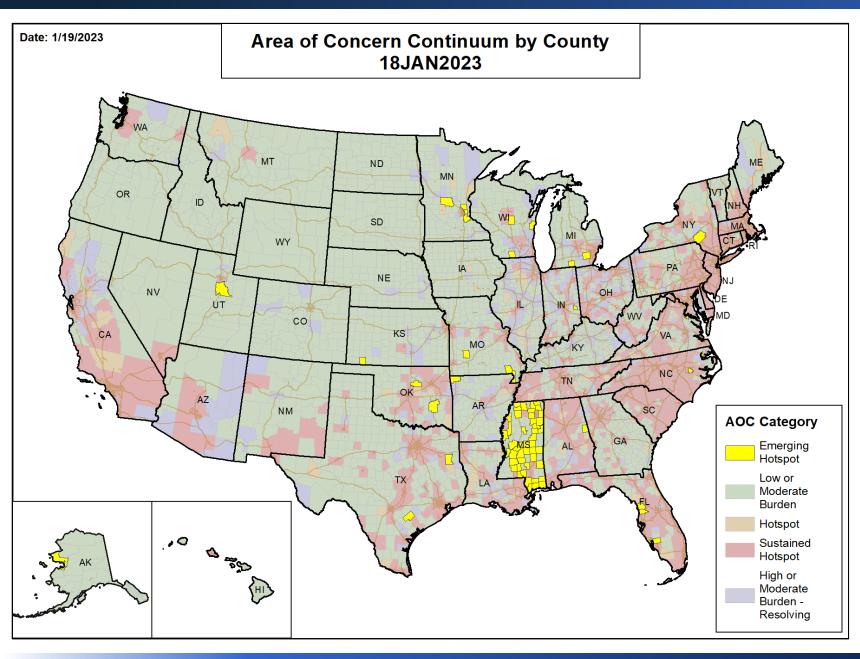
Counties by COVID-19 Community Level Component Metrics						
< 200 Cases per 100k						
Admissions per 100k	< 10.0	10.0 - 19.9	20.0 +			
# of counties (change)	2,025 (个466)	821 (↓266)	97 (↓50)			
% of counties (change)	62.9% (个14.5%)	25.5% (↓8.3%)	3.0% (\$\square\$1.6%)			
COVID Inpatient Occupancy	<10.0%	10.0% to 14.9%	15.0% +			
# of counties (change)	2,898 (个179)	42 (↓24)	3 (↓4)			
% of counties (change)	90.0% (个5.6%)	1.3% (↓0.7%)	0.1% (↓0.1%)			
	200 + Case	s per 100k				
Admission	s per 100k	< 10.0	10.0 +			
# of counties	s (change)	181 (个38)	93 (↓188)			
% of countie	s (change)	5.6% (个1.2%)	2.9% (↓5.8%)			
COVID Inpatie	nt Occupancy	< 10.0%	10.0% +			
# of counties	s (change)	262 (↓133)	12 (↓16)			
% of countie	s (change)	8.1% (↓4.1%)	0.4% (↓0.5%)			
C	ounties by COVID-	19 Community Level				
Category	Low	Medium	High			
# of counties (change)	2,011 (个463)	1,010 (\$\square\$223)	196 (↓240)			
% of counties (change)	62.5% (个14.4%)	31.4% (\$\sqrt{6.9}%)	6.1% (↓7.5%)			
% of population (change)	50.9% (个18.7%)	43.3% (↓9.7%)	5.8% (↓9.0%)			



Source: CDC Aggregate County Dataset (cases), Unified Hospital Dataset (admissions)

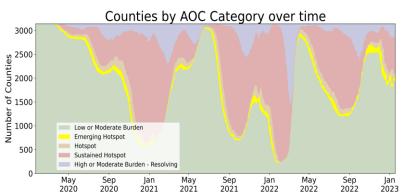
Notes: Cases data from January 12-18, 2023, hospital data from January 11-17, 2023. COVID-19 Community Level is determined by the higher of the new admissions and inpatient bed metrics, based on the current level of new cases per 100,000 population in the past 7 days. Admissions per 100k refers to the 7-day total of confirmed COVID-19 hospital admissions. COVID Inpatient Occupancy refers to the percent of staffed inpatient beds occupied by a COVID-19 patient (7-day average). A county is N/A if hospital data is not available. County data is mapped from Health Service Areas, defined as a single county or cluster of counties that are generally self-contained with respect to hospital care. Previous week levels are computed based on current data. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

AREA OF CONCERN CONTINUUM



The Areas of Concern Continuum (AOCC) is used to describe communities as they progress through stages of the epidemic. There are 7 possible AOC classifications based on current and recent history of case and testing data for the location:

- (1) **Low Burden** communities with minimal activity
- (2) **Moderate Burden** communities with moderate disease activity
- (3) **Emerging Hotspot** communities with a high likelihood to become hotspots in the next 1-7 days
- (4) **Hotspot** communities that have reached a threshold of disease activity considered as being of high burden
- (5) **Sustained Hotspot** communities that have had a high sustained case burden and may be higher risk for experiencing healthcare resource limitations
- (6) **High Burden Resolving** communities that were recently identified as hotspots and are now improving
- (7) **Moderate Burden Resolving** communities that have a moderate level of burden, but are demonstrating improvement See Data Sources/Methods slides for more information.



NATIONAL AND REGIONAL METRICS

National Metrics

	Last 7 days								
	Cases (per 100k)	NAAT positivity	Confirmed admissions (per 100k)	ons ICU COVID-19 Deat					
U.S Total - Last 7 Days	332,212 (100)	12.3%	33,793 (10.2)	6%	3,953 (1.2)				
U.S. Total - 1 Week Ago	436,776 (132)	13.6%	40,977 (12.3)	6%	4,209 (1.3)				
U.S. Total - Jan 2023 Peak	499,088 (150)	15.6%	45,969 (13.8)	7%	4,492 (1.4)				
U.S. Total - Dec 2022 Peak	500,664 (151)	15.5%	43,763 (13.2)	6%	3,152 (0.9)				
U.S. Total - Nov 2022 Peak	309,381 (93)	11.4%	30,932 (9.3)	4%	2,652 (0.8)				
U.S. Total - Oct 2022 Peak	325,887 (98)	8.4%	24,286 (7.3)	4%	3,020 (0.9)				
U.S. Total - Sep 2022 Peak	610,169 (184)	13.2%	35,639 (10.7)	5%	3,828 (1.2)				
U.S. Total - Aug 2022 Peak	891,837 (269)	18.0%	43,493 (13.1)	6%	3,947 (1.2)				
U.S. Total - Jul 2022 Peak	962,342 (290)	18.6%	45,065 (13.6)	6%	3,310 (1.0)				
U.S. Total - Jun 2022 Peak	798,905 (241)	16.4%	35,273 (10.6)	4%	2,788 (0.8)				
U.S. Total - May 2022 Peak	773,897 (233)	11.8%	26,760 (8.1)	3%	2,998 (0.9)				

	Chan	ge from previous	week	
Pct change in cases	Absolute change in NAAT pos.	Pct change in confirmed admissions	Absolute change in ICU COVID-19 util.	Pct change in deaths
-24%	-1.3%	-18%	-1%	-6%
-9%	-2.0%	-11%	0%	+51%

Daily case trend
- last 8 weeks

Last 7 days indicates cases/deaths data from 1/12-1/18, admissions data from 1/11-1/17, and testing data from 1/10-1/16.

Regional Metrics

					9						
			Last 7 days			Change from previous week					
FEMA Region (Population)	Cases (per 100k)	NAAT positivity	Confirmed admissions (per 100k)	ICU COVID-19 utilization	Deaths (per 100k)	Pct change in cases	Absolute change in NAAT pos.	Pct change in confirmed admissions	Absolute change in ICU COVID-19 util.	Pct change in deaths	Daily case tre - last 8 week
Region 4 (66,908,139)	88,957 (133)	15.2%	7,410 (11.1)	6%	962 (1.4)	-14%	-3.1%	-19%	-1%	+22%	
Region 2 (31,635,735)	53,919 (170)	12.6%	4,515 (14.3)	7%	362 (1.1)	-20%	-0.7%	-17%	0%	-19%	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
Region 5 (52,542,063)	41,067 (78)	8.2%	4,621 (8.8)	5%	601 (1.1)	-30%	-2.4%	-21%	-1%	-20%	~~~~
Region 6 (42,716,279)	41,043 (96)	15.9%	4,561 (10.7)	7%	413 (1.0)	-26%	-2.6%	-13%	-0%	+55%	
Region 9 (51,554,700)	36,185 (70)	10.7%	4,512 (8.8)	6%	559 (1.1)	-35%	+1.2%	-17%	-1%	-8%	
Region 3 (30,854,848)	30,545 (99)	13.2%	3,234 (10.5)	7%	387 (1.3)	-33%	-2.5%	-22%	-0%	-26%	~~~~
Region 1 (14,845,063)	16,799 (113)	11.4%	2,328 (15.7)	7%	243 (1.6)	-24%	-1.9%	-10%	-1%	-18%	
Region 7 (14,140,220)	9,678 (68)	20.1%	1,236 (8.7)	5%	174 (1.2)	-13%	-2.5%	-15%	-1%	-35%	~~~~
Region 10 (14,351,240)	8,018 (56)	8.4%	781 (5.4)	4%	157 (1.1)	-16%	-0.7%	-12%	-0%	-11%	
Region 8 (12,258,952)	5,997 (49)	9.3%	595 (4.9)	3%	95 (0.8)	-23%	-1.0%	-27%	-1%	+6%	~~~

STATE PROFILES

States, DC, and PR listed alphabetically Case Data from January 12-18, Admissions Data from January 11-17, Test Positivity Data from January 10-16

		Last 7 days		Chang	ge from previous week Daily case Last 7 days Change from previous week			Last 7 days			s week	Daily case			
State	Cases (per 100k)	NAAT positivity	Confirmed admissions (per 100k)	Pct. change in cases	Abs. change in NAAT pos.	Pct. change in conf. adm. per 100k	trend - last 8 weeks	State	Cases (per 100k)	NAAT positivity	Confirmed admissions (per 100k)	Pct. change in cases	Abs. change in NAAT pos.	Pct. change in conf. adm. per 100k	trend - last 8 weeks
AL	6,742 (138)	11.6%	520 (10.6)	-24%	-5.0%	-17%		MT*	508 (48)	N/A	64 (6.0)	-34%	N/A	-18%	~~~~~
AK	649 (89)	11.2%	41 (5.6)	+38%	+0.7%	-9%	~~~~	NE	924 (48)	11.1%	142 (7.3)	-38%	-2.5%	-14%	₹ <u>₹</u>
AZ	2,756 (38)	10.9%	482 (6.6)	-63%	-0.8%	-18%		NV	1,263 (41)	12.6%	174 (5.6)	-36%	-3.0%	-34%	~
AR	2,322 (77)	12.2%	329 (10.9)	-31%	-2.5%	-21%	my	NH	1,204 (89)	11.1%	165 (12.1)	-32%	-2.8%	-3%	my my
CA*	30,898 (78)	N/A	3,712 (9.4)	-31%	N/A	-17%	755	NJ	15,581 (175)	12.3%	1,484 (16.7)	-23%	-1.3%	-12%	ham
СО	3,143 (55)	6.9%	256 (4.4)	-12%	-0.9%	-33%	~\	NM	1,124 (54)	8.2%	94 (4.5)	-34%	-1.7%	-13%	~~~~
СТ	3,937 (110)	11.8%	737 (20.7)	-22%	-2.9%	-8%	~~~	NY	30,112 (155)	12.4%	2,930 (15.1)	-25%	-0.5%	-18%	my.
DE	1,049 (108)	12.1%	115 (11.8)	-33%	-3.1%	-32%	~~~	NC	15,741 (150)	15.4%	1,183 (11.3)	-30%	-3.9%	-20%	
DC	555 (79)	9.4%	157 (22.2)	+22%	-1.0%	-12%	my	ND	612 (80)	10.9%	38 (5.0)	+19%	+0.5%	-24%	7~~
FL	28,274 (132)	15.9%	2,741 (12.8)	-11%	-2.4%	-16%		OH	10,188 (87)	10.1%	1,180 (10.1)	-27%	-2.3%	-23%	1
GA	8,324 (78)	14.1%	1,018 (9.6)	-35%	-2.4%	-30%	~~~~~	OK	5,637 (142)	19.7%	362 (9.1)	-0%	+4.1%	-10%	7
HI	1,007 (71)	9.0%	134 (9.5)	-22%	-0.3%	+19%	7~~~~	OR	2,105 (50)	6.1%	221 (5.2)	-16%	-0.4%	-16%	~~~~
ID	659 (37)	7.6%	103 (5.8)	-30%	-1.7%	-16%		PA	11,045 (86)	12.5%	1,209 (9.4)	-27%	-1.7%	-21%	77
IL	10,967 (87)	5.7%	1,254 (9.9)	-37%	-2.7%	-21%	2 may 1	PR	8,001 (251)	21.2%	100 (3.1)	+13%	-6.9%	-34%	My Mary
IN	2,960 (44)	13.1%	508 (7.5)	-51%	-2.7%	-21%	7,77	RI	1,792 (169)	15.5%	128 (12.1)	-19%	+0.1%	-16%	~~~
IA†	1,690 (54)	N/A	227 (7.2)	-23%	N/A	-16%	~~~~	SC	8,033 (156)	18.0%	599 (11.6)	-29%	-3.9%	-21%	
KS	1,938 (67)	13.6%	173 (5.9)	-17%	-1.7%	-29%	~~~~	SD	464 (52)	21.7%	42 (4.7)	-12%	-1.0%	-7%	7-7-
KY	3,743 (84)	11.1%	405 (9.1)	-12%	-1.8%	-16%	~~~,	TN	8,438 (124)	18.5%	642 (9.4)	-27%	-2.3%	-14%	7~~~
LA	5,205 (112)	15.2%	600 (12.9)	-24%	-2.4%	-7%	~~~~~	TX	26,755 (92)	17.1%	3,176 (11.0)	-29%	-3.4%	-14%	~~~~
ME	1,078 (80)	9.0%	77 (5.7)	-29%	-1.8%	-21%	may.	UT	1,069 (33)	11.6%	166 (5.2)	-50%	-2.6%	-30%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
MD	5,407 (89)	11.6%	630 (10.4)	-33%	-2.4%	-23%	~~~~	VT	389 (62)	9.1%	38 (6.1)	-16%	-1.0%	-10%	~~~~
MA	8,399 (122)	11.3%	1,183 (17.2)	-25%	-1.5%	-10%		VA	10,554 (124)	17.1%	905 (10.6)	-41%	-4.1%	-23%	7
MI	9,687 (97)	10.2%	833 (8.3)	-1%	-1.1%	-16%		WA	4,605 (60)	10.4%	416 (5.5)	-18%	-0.1%	-8%	~
MN	2,641 (47)	11.6%	366 (6.5)	-52%	+0.0%	-30%	ح <i>ب</i> ہرکہاً	WV	1,935 (108)	12.8%	218 (12.2)	-25%	-2.7%	-21%	my my
MS	9,662 (325)	20.6%	302 (10.1)	N/A	-3.8%	-23%		WI	4,624 (79)	8.9%	480 (8.2)	-24%	-0.8%	-11%	~~~
MO	5,126 (84)	26.6%	694 (11.3)	-0%	-2.7%	-10%	January.	WY	201 (35)	10.5%	29 (5.0)	-14%	+1.1%	+16%	~/\ _{\\}

^{*}CA and MT testing data have at least 4 days with no or minimal reporting in the last week (by the data cutoff time for this report), which may result in missing values and inaccurate test positivity.



[†]As of 2/17/2022, IA is no longer reporting negative test results; therefore, test volume and test positivity from this date forward is no longer presented.

TRENDS IN CASE INCIDENCE DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



Case incidence categories

(based on cases per 100,000 population in the last 7 days)

4 or less
5 - 9
10 - 49
50 - 99
100 - 199
200 or more

Weekly % change categories

(arrow based on % change in weekly cases)

-26% or less	\downarrow
-25%11%	7
-10% - 0%	\rightarrow
+1% - +10%	\rightarrow
+11% - +25%	7
+26% or more	个

Source: CDC Aggregate County Dataset. State values are the aggregate of constituent counties; these data are updated weekly. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

Due to a reporting cadence issue, Mississippi's cases and deaths in the last week include two weeks of data and are therefore ove restimates.

TRENDS IN MORTALITY RATE DURING THE LAST 4 WEEKS AND 4 WEEK FORECAST



Mortality rate categories

(based on deaths per 100,000 population in the last 7 days)

0.0
0.1 - 0.9
1.0 - 1.9
2.0 - 4.9
5.0 or more

Projected Deaths

50% Prediction Interval

95% Prediction Interval

Source: CDC Aggregate County Dataset. State values are the aggregate of constituent counties; these data are updated weekly. Indicates date of report for most states, but date of death for some. See Data Sources/Methods for additional details.

Forecast: The forecast displays projected weekly death totals using an ensemble of predictive models generated by academic, private industry, and governmental groups. Models make various assumptions about the levels of social distancing and other interventions, which may not reflect recent changes in behavior. FEMA regions are not included in the forecast. More information is available at the COVID-19 Forecast Hub. The forecast date is as of 1/16.

TRENDS IN NAAT POSITIVITY DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



NAAT positivity categories

(based on proportion of positive tests over the last 7 days)

2.9% or less
3.0% - 4.9%
5.0% - 7.9%
8.0% - 9.9%
10.0% - 14.9%

Weekly absolute change categories

15.0% or more

(arrow based on absolute change in weekly NAAT positivity)

-2.1 /0 OI (C33	V
-2.0%0.6%	7
-0.5% - 0.0%	\rightarrow
+0.1% - +0.5%	\rightarrow
+0.6% - +2.0%	7

+2.1% or more

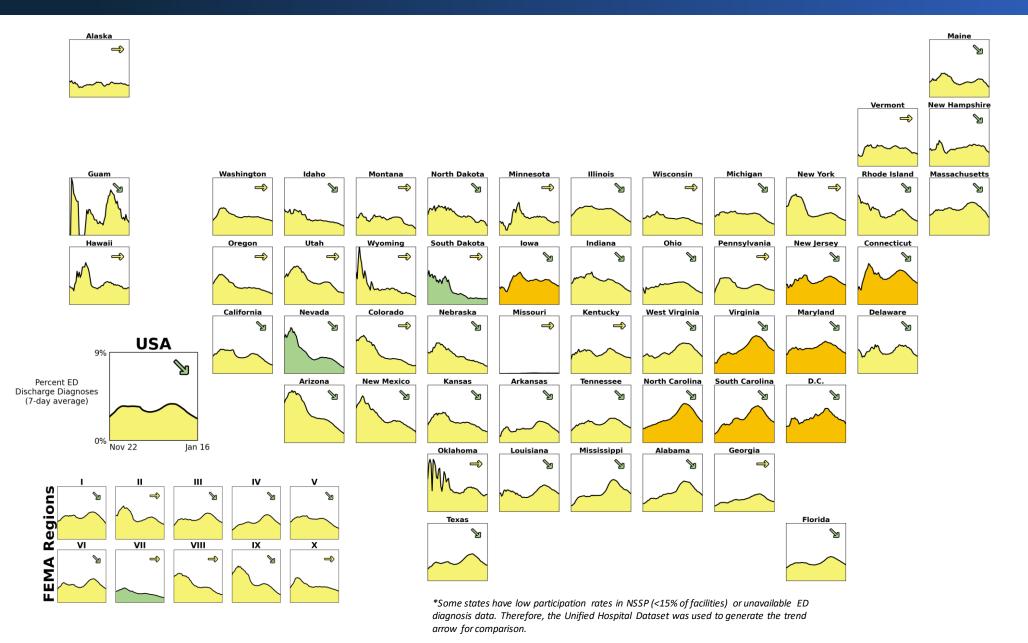
-2 1% or less

Most recent dates may be less reliable due to delayed reporting. Gray shading indicates limited or no reporting in most recent week. Missing arrows are due to missing data.

Source: Unified Testing Dataset. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

CA and MT testing data have at least 4 days with no or minimal reporting in the last week (by the data cutoff time for this report), which may result in missing values and inaccurate test positivity. As of 2/17/2022, IA is no longer reporting negative test results; therefore, test volume and test positivity from this date forward is no longer presented.

TRENDS IN EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT DISCHARGE DIAGNOSES DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



Average percent of ED visits with COVID-19 discharge diagnosis

(based on proportion of discharge diagnoses including COVID-19 over the last 7 days)

0.9% or less
1.0% - 2.9%
3.0% - 4.9%
5.0% - 7.9%
8.0% or more

Weekly absolute change

(based on change in COVID-19 diagnosis percentage, or COVID-19 ED visit percentage where diagnosis data is incomplete)

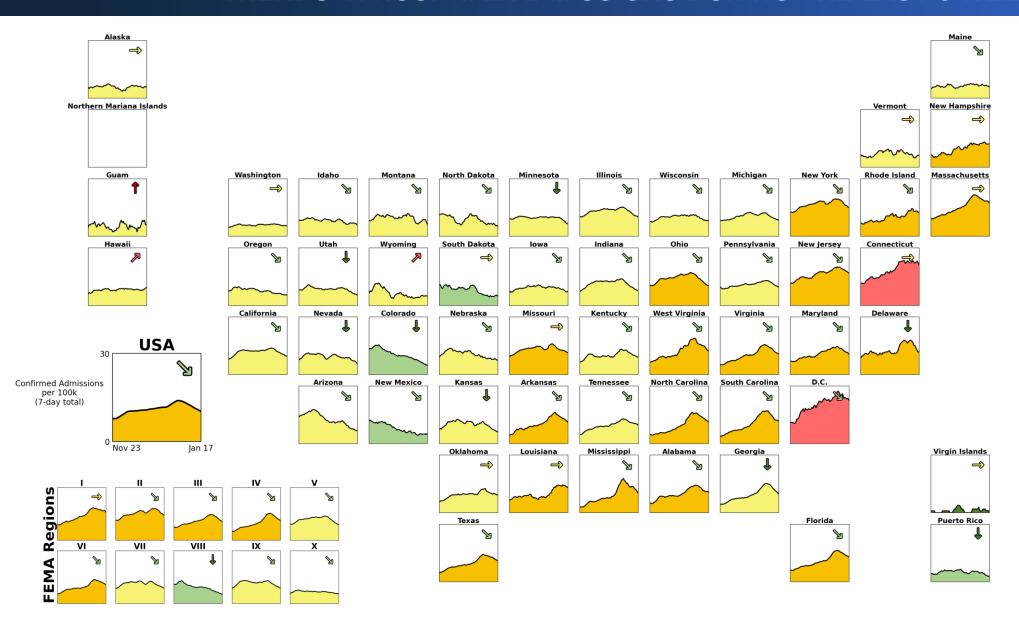
-2% or less	↓
-2%1%	7
-0% - +0%	\rightarrow
+1% - +2%	\rightarrow
+2%	7
+3% or more	1

Primary Source: National Syndromic Surveillance Program (NSSP). <50% of ED facilities in CA, HI, IA, MN, and OK participate in NSSP. MO discharge diagnosis data is incomplete.

Secondary Source: Unified Hospital Dataset ED visits. This includes all visits related to COVID-19, which includes patients that "meet suspected or confirmed definition or presents for COVID diagnostic testing".

See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

TRENDS IN HOSPITAL ADMISSIONS DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



Confirmed admission rate categories

(based on confirmed COVID-19 hospital admissions per 100,000 population over the last 7 days)

1.9 or less
2.0 - 4.9
5.0 - 9.9
10.0 - 19.9
20.0 - 29.9
30.0 or more

Weekly % change categories

(arrow based on % change in weekly confirmed COVID-19 hospital admissions)

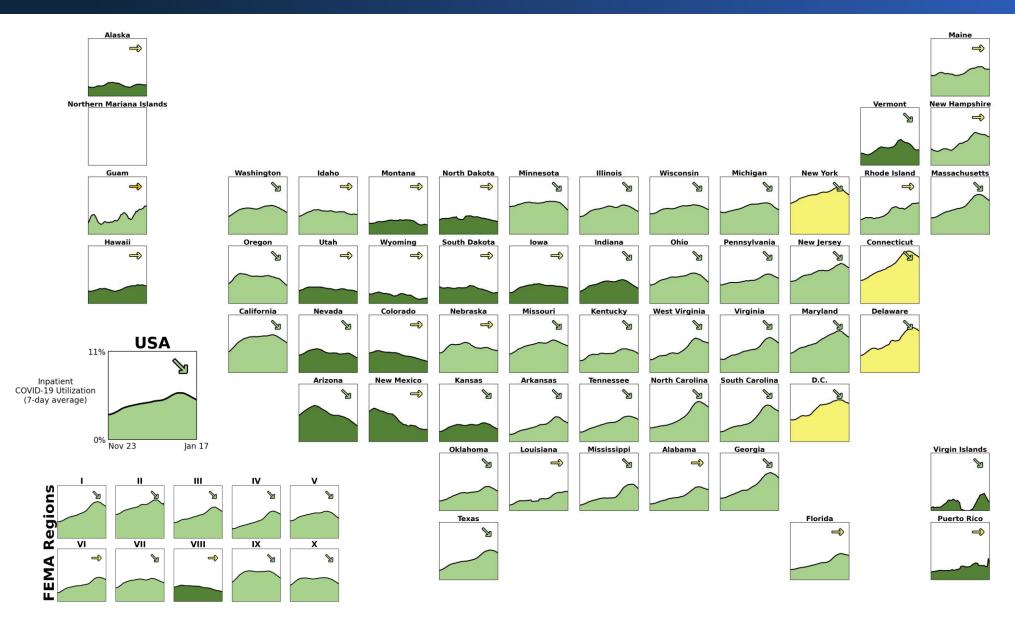
-26% or less

-20 /0 OI (C33	V
-25%11%	7
-10% - 0%	\rightarrow
+1% - +10%	\rightarrow
+11% - +25%	7
+26% or more	1

Figure depicts confirmed COVID-19 hospital admissions per 100,000 population. Missing arrows are due to missing data.

Source: Unified Hospital Dataset. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

TRENDS IN HOSPITAL INPATIENT COVID UTILIZATION DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



Inpatient bed utilization categories

(based on average percentage of beds occupied by confirmed COVID-19 patients over the last 7 days)

3% or less
4% - 7%
8% - 12%
13% - 15%
16% - 20%
21% or more

Weekly absolute change categories

(arrow based on absolute change in weekly % of beds occupied by confirmed COVID
19 patients)

20 particito)	
-2% or less	1
-1%	7
0%	\rightarrow
+1%	\rightarrow
+2%	7
+3% or more	1

Missing arrows are due to missing data.

Source: Unified Hospital Dataset. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

TRENDS IN STAFFED ADULT ICU BED CAPACITY DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



Staffed Adult ICU COVID Utilization categories

(based on average percentage of beds occupied by confirmed COVID-19 patients over the last 7 days)

3% or less
4% - 7%
8% - 12%
13% - 15%
16% - 20%
21% or more

Weekly absolute change categories

(arrow based on absolute change in weekly % of ICU beds occupied by confirmed COVID-19 patients)

-2% or less	1
-1%	7
0%	\rightarrow
+1%	\rightarrow
+2%	7
+3% or more	个

Color based on ICU confirmed COVID-19 utilization only. Light gray based on overall ICU utilization. Most recent dates may be less reliable due to delayed reporting. Missing arrows are due to missing data.

Source: Unified Hospital Dataset. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

TRENDS IN PERCENT OF POPULATION AGED <5 INITIATING VACCINATION DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



Percent of population <5 initiating vaccination

(based on percent of population in last 7 days)



Weekly absolute change categories

(arrow based on absolute change in percent of population)



+0.11% - +0.25%

+0.26% or more

Source: Unified COVID-19 Vaccine Dataset. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

TRENDS IN PERCENT OF POPULATION AGED 5+ INITIATING VACCINATION DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



Percent of population 5+ initiating vaccination

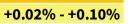
(based on percent of population in last 7 days)



Weekly absolute change categories

(arrow based on absolute change in percent of population)





+0.26% or more

Missing arrows are due to missing data.

Source: Unified COVID-19 Vaccine Dataset. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

IL recently issued corrections to their vaccination data, resulting in negative values for people ages 5+ initiating vaccination in IL. PR recently issued corrections to their vaccination data, resulting in negative values for some age groups initiating vaccination in the previous week, therefore the week-on-week change cannot be calculated.

TRENDS IN VACCINE DOSES ADMINISTERED PER 100K POPULATION DURING THE LAST 8 WEEKS



COVID-19 vaccine doses administered

(based on average daily COVID-19 vaccine doses administered per 100k in last 7 days)

0 - 100
101 - 200
201 - 300
301 - 400
401 - 500
501 or more

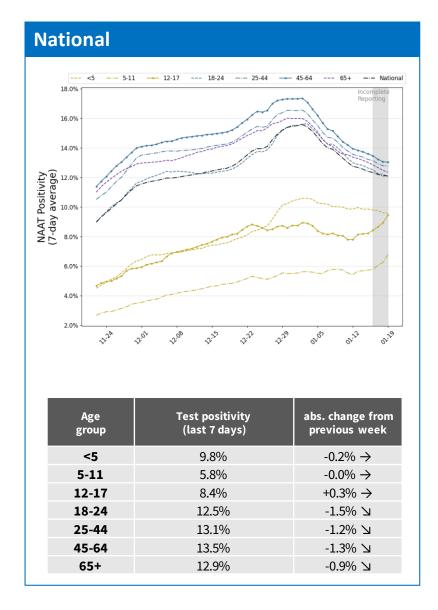
Weekly % change categories

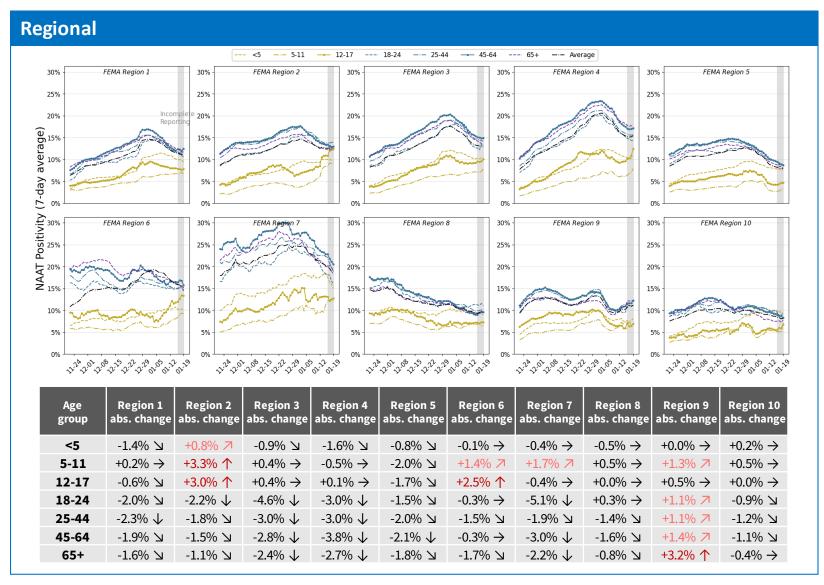
(arrow based on % change in weekly COVID-19 vaccine doses administered)

-26% or less	🗸
-25%11%	7
-10% - +0%	\rightarrow
+1% - +10%	\rightarrow
+11% - +25%	7
+26% or more	1

Source: Unified COVID-19 Vaccine Dataset. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.

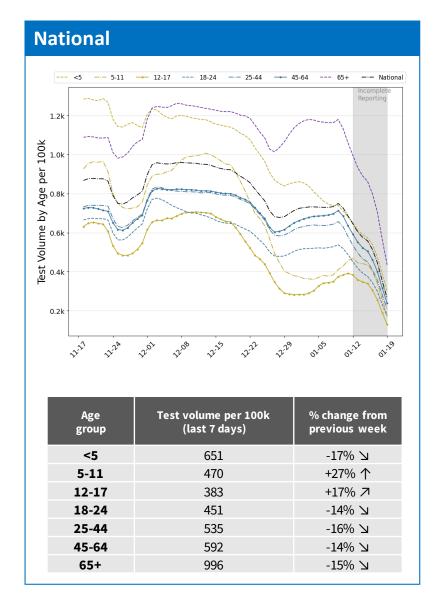
TRENDS IN COVID-19 TEST POSITIVITY BY AGE GROUP AND REGION

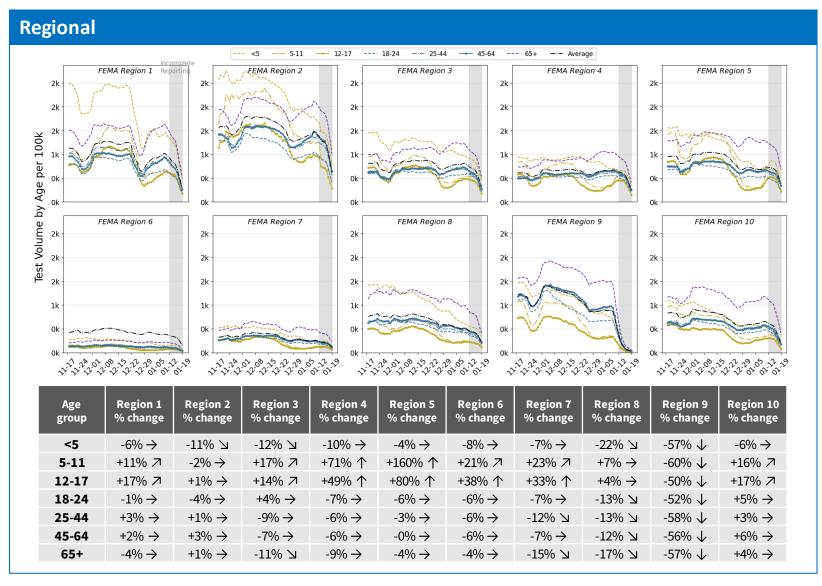




Source: Unified Testing Dataset. Figures show 7-day average over the last 8 weeks. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details. Absolute change is shown as light red if +0.6% to +2.0%, and dark red if +2.1% or higher.

TRENDS IN COVID-19 TEST VOLUME BY AGE GROUP AND REGION

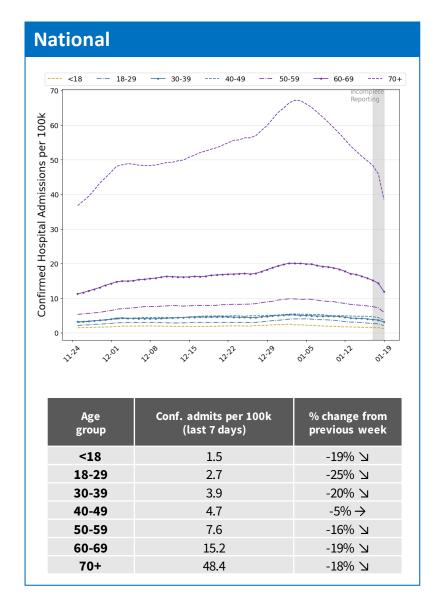


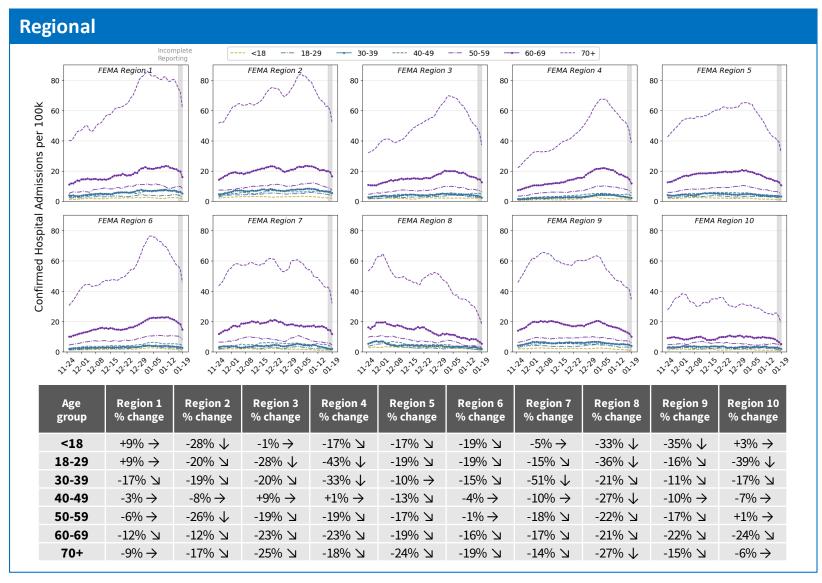


Source: Unified Testing Dataset. Figures show 7-day totals over the last 8 weeks. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details.



TRENDS IN CONFIRMED COVID-19 ADMISSIONS BY AGE GROUP AND REGION





Source: Unified Hospital Dataset. Figures show 7-day totals over the last 8 weeks. See Data Sources/Methods slides for additional details. Percent change is shown as light red if +11% to +25%, and dark red if +26% or higher.



DATA SOURCES AND METHODS

DATA NOTES

- · Some dates may have incomplete data due to delays in reporting. Data may be backfilled over time, resulting in changes from day to day.
- Population/De mographics: Population and demographic data is from US Census Vintage 2019 Demographic Estimates.
- Cases and Deaths: COVID-19 case metrics at the state and county level are generated using a dataset managed by the CDC which is compiled from state and local health departments. This dataset is updated weekly. Most states and localities report both confirmed and suspected cases and deaths, although some report just confirmed cases and deaths. As of October 20, 2022, CDC transitioned the reporting cadence of COVID-19 aggregate case and death data for jurisdictions and counties from a daily cadence to a weekly cadence. As a result of this reporting change, all charts, graphs, and tables that source data from COVID-19 aggregate case and death data will be updated once a week. For additional guidance, please consult the FAQs addressing this reporting cadence change on the CDC website. To ensure data quality, daily data alerts are monitored for deviations in the data (e.g., decreases in cumulative values, no change in values, abnormal increases in values). These alerts are manually reviewed every day by checking the data against local government websites, state websites, and news sources, and the raw values are corrected as needed to reflect local government reports. Cases and deaths are based on date of report in most states, but on date of symptom onset or date of death in others. Some states use a combination of the two methods. For date of report states, there may be artificial spikes in any given day of data caused by delayed reporting; for date of event states, there are frequent updates to time series and it may take several days (for cases) or several weeks (for deaths) for complete data. Changes in reporting may also cause temporary spikes or dips (e.g. shifts from reporting confirmed and probable cases to reporting just confirmed cases). Case data are presented as 7-day totals or averages to adjust for these anomalies as well as weekly variations in reporting. Historical reports of cases and deaths for which backfill dates are not available that exceed 1% of the total new cases or deaths reported in
- Testing: CELR (COVID-19 Electronic Lab Reporting) state health department-reported data are used to describe state-level totals when able to be disaggregated from serology test results and to describe county-level totals when information is available on patients' county of residence or healthcare providers' practice location. HHS Protect laboratory data (provided directly to Federal Government from public health labs, hospital labs, and six commercial labs) are used otherwise. Some states did not report on certain days, which may affect the total number of tests resulted and positivity rate values. Total diagnostic tests are the number of tests performed, not the number of individuals tested. NAAT positivity rate is the number of positive tests divided by the number of tests performed and resulted. See https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/lab/resources/calculating-percent-positivity.htm for more information on this method. Testing data may be backfilled over time, resulting in changes week-to-week in testing data.
- Hospital Data: Unified Hospital Dataset, including federal facilities (VA, DHA, and IHS hospitals) and excluding psychiatric, rehabilitation, and religious non-medical hospitals.
 - Hospital data are reported to HHS either directly from facilities or via a state submission. Data for hospitals with the same CMS Certification Number (CCN) are aggregated. Three percent of CCNs contain multiple facilities that map to different counties and some of these may also map to different CBSAs. These data are reported daily by more than 6,000 facilities across the country. While these data are reviewed for errors and corrected, some reporting errors may still exist within the data. To minimize errors in data reported here, extreme outliers are removed from the data before the metrics are calculated.
 - Total inpatient and ICU bed counts are calculated as an average among reports from each hospital in the given timeframe. Unless otherwise noted, "inpatient beds" indicates staffed adult ICU beds. Utilization metrics calculate the average utilization in the geography for the week. Due to inconsistent reporting and impacts of staffing on the total number of beds at each hospital, variations may occur over time and the number shown may not be a full representation of the true number of resources in the area.
- Vaccine Data: Data on doses of Pfizer-BioNTech, Moderna, J&J/Janssen, and Novavax vaccine administered include those reported to CDC as of 6:00 am ET each Wednesday. Total doses administered are cumulative counts of individual COVID-19 vaccine doses administered as reported to CDC by state, territorial, and local public health agencies and federal entities since December 14, 2020. Values reflect total by report date, not administered date. The total population count is used as the denominator to calculate the percentage of people receiving at least 1 dose, the percentage of people who have completed a primary series, and also the percentage of people receiving an updated (bivalent) booster. This provides a measure of vaccination among the entire population (i.e., all ages). COVID-19 vaccines and bivalent (updated) boosters are available to people aged 6 months and older. The count of people who received a booster dose includes anyone who has completed a primary series and has received at least one additional dose of any COVID-19 vaccine since August 13, 2021. This includes people who received booster doses and people who received additional doses. Counts of first and second booster doses may include updated (bivalent) booster doses. CDC has capped the percent of population coverage metrics at 95.0%. These metrics could be greater than 95.0% for multiple reasons, including census denominator data not including all individuals that currently reside in the county (e.g., part time residents) or potential data reporting errors.

Vaccination data in this report may differ from data reported by states and territories for several reasons:

- Data may be updated on different schedules and reflect data "as of" different dates or times of day. There may be a delay between the time a vaccination record appears in a state or jurisdictional system and when it is received by CDC.
- Occasionally, there may be technical issues related to processing or transmission of data. When issues arise, CDC works closely with the states, territories, and federal entities to resolve the problem.
- CDC receives vaccine administration information from multiple sources, including jurisdictional immunization information systems, pharmacies, federal agencies receiving a direct vaccine allocation, and the Vaccine Administration Management System (VAMS), which supports temporary, mobile, or satellite clinics. Validation and business rules applied to prevent data duplication may cause data presented on the CDC COVID Data Tracker to differ from what is in state immunization systems and dashboards. Every effort is made to reconcile doses administered that are reported through more than one system but, in certain circumstances, some vaccine doses administered could be counted more than once.
- Healthcare providers report doses administered to federal, state, territorial, and local agencies up to 72 hours after administration. There may be additional lag for data to be transmitted from the federal, state, territorial, or local agency to CDC. A large difference between the number of doses distributed and the number of people initiating vaccination is expected due to several factors, including the time between doses being shipped and received, the time it takes for doses delivered to be administered, the time it takes for administered doses to be reported to CDC, and management of available vaccine stocks by jurisdictions and federal pharmacy partners.

DATA SOURCES AND METHODS - COLOR THRESHOLDS

Color Thresholds for Indicators

The green-to-red color thresholds convey information on levels of transmission severity. There are not specific labels associated with each color threshold.

Colors are determined by first rounding a raw number to the nearest integer or tenth, and then selecting the associated color. If there is no data or a metric cannot be computed, a cell is colored gray.

Color thresholds were set based on a variety of factors and analyses, including assessing historical correlations in test positivity and case counts.

Additional shades of red are used for certain visualizations to provide greater context.

NOTE: Colors are applied after rounding to the displayed digits of precision

CASES/DEATHS							
	DARK GREEN	LIGHT GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	LIGHT RED	RED	
Confirmed cases - 7-day total		colored by per capita thresholds					
Cases per 100k - 7-day total	4 or less	5 – 9	10 – 49	50 – 99	100 – 199	200 or more	
Confirmed deaths - 7-day total		colored by per capita thresholds					
Confirmed deaths per 100k - 7-day total	not used	0.0	0.1 - 0.9	1.0 - 1.9	2.0 - 4.9	5.0 or more	
Confirmed cases - % change Confirmed deaths - % change	-26% or less	-25% – -11%	-10% – +0%	+1% - +10%	+11% - +25%	+26% or more	

VIRAL (RT-PCR) LAB TESTING

NAAT positivity rate - 7 day average Total NAATs - 7-day total NAATs per 100k - 7-day total NAAT positivity rate - absolute change **Total NAATs - percent change**

DARK GREEN	LIGHT GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	LIGHT RED	RED
2.9% or less	3.0% - 4.9%	5.0% - 7.9%	8.0% - 9.9%	10.0% - 14.9%	15.0% or more
		colored by per o	capita thresholds		
5,000 or more	3,000 – 4,999	2,000 – 2,999	1,000 - 1,999	500 – 999	499 or less
-2.1% or less	-2.0%0.6%	-0.5% - +0.0%	+0.1% - +0.5%	+0.6% - +2.0%	+2.1% or more
+26% or more	+25% – +11%	+10% - +1%	+0%10%	-11% – -25%	-26% or less

HOSPITAL UTILIZATION						
	DARK GREEN	LIGHT GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	LIGHT RED	RED
Confirmed COVID-19 admissions - 7-day total			colored by per	100k thresholds		
Confirmed COVID-19 admissions per 100k - 7-day total	1.9 or less	2.0 - 4.9	5.0 – 9.9	10.0 - 19.9	20.0 – 29.9	30.0 or more
% inpatient beds occupied		GR	AY		81% – 90%	91% or more
% ICU beds occupied	0% – 80%				8170 - 9070	91% of Thore
% inpatient beds occupied by COVID-19 patient	3% or less	4% – 7%	8% – 12%	13% – 15%	16% – 20%	21% or more
% ICU beds occupied by COVID-19 patient	370 OI 1633	470 - 170	670 - 1270	13% - 13%	1070 - 2070	2170 OF THOSE
Confirmed COVID-19 admissions per 100k - percent change	-26% or less	-25% – -11%	-10% – +0%	+1% - +10%	+11% - +25%	+26% or more
% inpatient beds occupied - absolute change						
% inpatient beds occupied by COVID-19 patient - absolute change	-2% or less	-1%	0%	+1%	+2%	+3% or more
% ICU beds occupied - absolute change	-2% or tess					
% ICU beds occupied by COVID-19 patient - absolute change						
Monoclonal antibody courses administered by hospitals - percent change	100% or more	99% – 20%	19% - 0%	-1%19%	-20% – -99%	-100% or less

DATA SOURCES AND METHODS

States that have provided no county testing data for the most recent days of reporting:

All states have provided at least some testing data for the time period in this report.

States that have provided no state testing data for the most recent days of reporting

• All states have provided at least some testing data for the time period in this report.

Cases and Deaths

 COVID-19 case metrics at the state and county level are generated using a dataset managed by the CDC which is compiled from state and local health departments; this dataset is updated weekly, with the latest updates as of 11AM 1/19/2023.

County Test Data Source by State

• CELR data from states provided in line level format: AK, AL, AR, AZ, CA, CO, CT, DC, DE, FL, GA, GU, HI, IA, ID, IL, IN, KS, KY, LA, MA, MD, ME, MH, MI, MN, MO, MP, MS, MT, NC, ND, NE, NH, NJ, NM, NV, NY, OH, OK, OR, PA, PR, RI, SC, SD, TN, TX, UT, VA, VI, VT, WA, WI, WV, WY

State Test Data Source by State

• CELR data from states provided in line level format: AK, AL, AR, AZ, CA, CO, CT, DC, DE, FL, GA, GU, HI, IA, ID, IL, IN, KS, KY, LA, MA, MD, ME, MH, MI, MN, MO, MP, MS, MT, NC, ND, NE, NH, NJ, NM, NV, NY, OH, OK, OR, PA, PR, RI, SC, SD, TN, TX, UT, VA, VI, VT, WA, WI, WV, WY

DATA SOURCES AND METHODS – AOC CONTINUUM

The **Areas of Concern Continuum** is used to describe communities as they progress through stages of the epidemic. There are 7 possible AOC classifications based on current and recent history of case and testing data for the location:

Low Burden Community

Purpose: Identify communities with minimal activity.

Definition:

<10 new cases per 100k population in the last week

Moderate Burden Community

Purpose: Identify communities with moderate disease activity.

Definition:

- Has NOT been identified as a <u>Hotspot</u>, <u>Sustained Hotspot</u>, or <u>High</u>
 <u>Burden—Resolving</u> within the last 2 weeks
 AND
- Does not meet the definition for an <u>Emerging Hotspot</u>, Hotspot, or High Burden—Resolving
 AND
- Does not meet the definition for being a Low Burden Community

Emerging Hotspot

Purpose: Generate early and reliable signals of communities with emerging increases in disease burden that have a high likelihood for becoming a hotspot in the next 1-7 days.

Method: Decision tree model trained on historical data of 23 features based on Cases, Deaths, Testing, ED visits, and Vaccinations including, but not limited to:

- Total cases in the last week
- Ratio of total cases in last 7 days to total cases in last 30 days
- Total deaths in the last week
- Number of tests last week
- Difference in percent positive tests in last 7 days from last 21 days
- Weekly COVID ED Visits by discharge diagnosis
- Percent of population that has completed primary series of vaccination

Hotspot

Purpose: Identify communities that have reached a threshold of disease activity considered as being of high burden.

Definition:

 >100 new cases per 100k population OR >500 new cases in the past w eek

AND

Number of days in dow nw ard case trajectory* ≤ 7 days

AND

>50 cases during past week

AND

Conditions must hold for at least 3 of the previous 5 days

Sustained Hotspot

Purpose: Identify communities that have had a high sustained case burden and are at potentially higher risk for experiencing healthcare resource limitations.

Definition:

 Either <u>Hotspot</u> for at least 7 preceding days or already a <u>Sustained</u> <u>Hotspot</u> on previous day

AND

 >200 new cases per 100k population OR >1,000 new cases in the past twoweeks

AND

- Daily incidence rate >15 new cases per 100k population for 8 or more of the last 14 days OR test positivity >8% over last 14 days AND
- >100 cases during the last two weeks

AND

· Conditions must hold for at least 3 of the previous 5 days

Data Sources: CDC Aggregate County Data; Unified Testing Dataset; US Census 2019

High Burden - Resolving

Purpose: Identify communities that were recently identified as hotspots and are now improving.

Definition:

- Identified as a <u>Hotspot</u> or <u>Sustained Hotspot</u> w ithin the last 2 w eeks AND
- Not currently a <u>Emerging Hotspot</u>, <u>Hotspot</u>, or <u>Sustained Hotspot</u>

 AND
- >100 new cases per 100k population OR >500 new cases in last week AND
- Number of days in dow nw ard trajectory* ≥ 7

AND

 >50 cases during last w eek OR both ≥ 10 cases in last w eek and >8% test positivity in last w eek

Moderate Burden - Resolving

Purpose: Identify communities that have a moderate level of burden, but are demonstrating improvement.

Definition:

 Identified as a <u>Hotspot</u>, <u>Sustained Hotspot</u>, or <u>High Burden—Resolving</u> within the last 2 weeks

AND

Does not meet the definition for an <u>Emerging Hotspot</u>, <u>Hotspot</u>, <u>Sustained Hotspot</u>, or <u>High Burden—Resolving</u>

AND

Does not meet the definition for being a <u>Low Burden Community</u>

*Number of Days in Downward Case Trajectory: This field is calculated using a CDC algorithm that first fits a smooth spline curve to daily case counts, and then counts the number of days that curve has been decreasing or at a low level. More specifically, the computation is based on a cubic spline fit of the 7-day rolling average of cases. The number of days decreasing (in downward trajectory) is calculated by summing the number of consecutive days of decline or near-zero incidence. A day is considered part of a downward trajectory if it (i) was previously at elevated incidence (had a two-week incidence greater than 10 cases per 100k population), and (ii) meets one of the following three conditions: (a) had a negative slope, OR (b) was in a low-incidence plateau (two-week incidence ≤ 10 cases per 100k population and a slope ≥ 0 to < 0.1 new cases per 100k population based on a 7-day moving average), OR (c) had less than 5 cases in the past 2 weeks.